

# Ex-Czar Safe, Overthrow of the Bolsheviks

## Says Report To Berlin

Former Emperor and Family in Good Health, Asserts Dispatch From Kiev

Account Is Doubtful By German Papers

Rumor Persists That Nicholas Was Shot by Guard on Train

AMSTERDAM, June 28.—A Berlin dispatch says that, according to a telegram received there from Kiev, a member of the Soviet government announced that the reports that former Emperor Nicholas had been brought before a revolutionary tribunal and that he had been assassinated both are incorrect. The government official adds that Nicholas and his family were in good health.

Western German papers just received here seem to regard the reports of the death of Nicholas Romanoff as authentic. The Russian newspaper "Novaya Zhizn," edited by Maxim Gorky, is quoted by the "Hamburg Fremdenblatt" as printing a Kiev report that Nicholas, while in a train with Red Guards, complained against being transferred from Ekaterinburg to Moscow and that he got into a dispute with his escort and was murdered.

The dispatch adds that the daughters of the former Emperor were under guard in another coach and that the fate of the former Emperor and his former Crown Prince is unknown.

BASEL, Switzerland, June 28.—According to local newspapers, the Russian Embassy in Berlin is reported to have advised the court at Darmstadt that former Emperor Nicholas is safe.

PARIS, June 28.—The court marshal at Darmstadt, Germany, has received a telegram signed "Tchitcherine" announcing that Nicholas Romanoff, the former Russian Emperor, has been assassinated, says a dispatch to the "Matin" from Bern. The assassination took place between Ekaterinburg and Perm.

LONDON, June 28.—The "Frankfurter Zeitung" reports that M. Tchitcherine, the Russian Foreign Minister, has telegraphed the Russian Minister at Darmstadt that the former Russian Emperor was murdered a few days ago between Ekaterinburg and Perm, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

The Wolf Bureau, the semi-official German news agency, says it has learned from Russian sources that the former Russian Emperor was murdered in a train while leaving Ekaterinburg immediately after that city had been captured by Czech-Slovak forces.

Repeats Reports of Alexis's Death

The Wolf Bureau also repeats the reports that Alexis, the former Russian Crown Prince, died a fortnight ago after a long illness.

The Wolf Bureau's advice adds that Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovich of Russia is at Omsk and is heading an anti-Bolshevik movement. Grand Duke Michael, it is stated, has refused to assume the throne, preferring to leave the decision to an all-Russian popular assembly.

At the Russian Embassy it was declared to-day that no official confirmation had been received of the report that the former Russian Emperor had been assassinated. If the report is true the crime is not a political one, according to the embassy officials, but merely an act of brutality on the part of an angry guard.

Regarding the unexpected appearance in London of Alexander Kerensky, the former Premier of Russia, the embassy said it knew of his presence here for several days, but chose to let him take his own time for revealing himself.

The former Premier left Russia under an assumed name because of the Bolshevik menace and on account of a price being placed on his head, it was stated. His flight, which lasted several months, was attended by adventures of all sorts. He embarked at Mourmansk for England.

To Urge Allied Intervention

Members of the Russian Embassy added: "Kerensky's political action will obviously consist of showing the Entente Allies the necessity of intervention in Russia."

Darmstadt is the capital of the Grand Duchy of Hesse, and the former Emperor Alex is a sister of the reigning king of Prussia. It is generally held that the Russian government, through Foreign Minister Tchitcherine, would inform the Hessian Court of the death of Nicholas Romanoff before making it public through regular channels.

Red Guard Shot Ex-Czar, Says Ukraine Report

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Ukrainian newspaper reports quoted in German official wireless bulletins say the former Emperor Nicholas was killed by a Russian Red Guard in a personal encounter.

Another German bulletin stated that rumors are current that the family of the Czar has been taken to Peruz (Perm).

To Arbitrate Boundaries

Russia and Ukraine Agree to Settlement on Racial Lines

AMSTERDAM, June 28.—A telegram from Kiev, Russia, to the Berlin newspaper says that an agreement has been reached in the peace negotiations between Russia and the Ukraine in regard to the frontier boundaries to the effect that all disputes arising from the conclusion of peace shall be settled by a court of arbitration.

Both delegations were ready to exclude any idea of annexations or forcible seizure of territory. With due regard to political, economic and other interests of the two peoples as a whole, they decided that the ethnographic principle should govern in forming the frontiers.

# Overthrow of the Bolsheviks

## Is Doubtful in Washington

Reports Received in Capital Indicate Generals Korniloff and Kaledines Have Been Killed; Choice of Nicholas Scouted

Account Is Doubtful By German Papers

Rumor Persists That Nicholas Was Shot by Guard on Train

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Men in Washington who are best informed on the situation in Russia regard the report from Copenhagen that the Bolshevik government has been overthrown as unlikely. There happen just now to be many persons here who have just returned from Russia—men who came back with Raymond Robins, who has been in charge of the Red Cross work in Russia. They left Russia only a few weeks ago.

According to men who have returned from Russia there is no doubt that Generals Korniloff and Kaledines, who are said to have taken Moscow with the aid of German troops, are both dead. Korniloff, they say, was murdered and Kaledines committed suicide.

The likelihood of Grand Duke Nicholas being chosen by any reaction to rule Russia is scouted by those who know Russia. Of the all the Romanoff family he is the least acceptable to the conservative classes, who are represented by the report to have entered into a combination with Germany. The reasons are personal. Grand Duke Michael would be the natural choice, and it is to be recalled that Grand Duke Michael was the choice of the conservatives who were in control during the first days of the present revolution.

Flight to the Murman coast such as Lenin and Trotsky are said to have made would take fifteen days, there being no railroad to Murmansk from Moscow.

No Knowledge Here of Revolt

The State Department has no knowledge of the revolution in Russia. It has no official advice on the subject, it had a report from the Swedish press that the Murman coast such as Lenin and Trotsky are said to have made would take fifteen days, there being no railroad to Murmansk from Moscow.

With regard to this Swedish press dispatch, it was frankly merely a rumor, and both Stockholm and Helsinki are absolutely cut off from all communication with the rest of the world. The Bolsheviks had been displaced by an army led by Korniloff and Kaledines, cooperating with German troops. Grand Duke Michael had been proclaimed Emperor. The Swedish dispatch was dated the 27th. The commander of German troops in Finland had heard nothing of the revolution.

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# Sole U.S. Aim

## In Russia Is to Aid Industry

Contradiction Given to Reports About Diplomatic or Political Mission

Business Leaders Will Go as Envoys

Care Taken to Prevent Germans From Distorting Intentions of America

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Plans of the American government for aiding Russia in rehabilitating herself, which became known to-day, revealed that the first step contemplated is informal assistance through American business and industrial leaders. This disposed of widely published reports that a diplomatic or political mission would be the means of carrying out President Wilson's promise to stand back of Russia.

The personnel of a group of men who will carry expert advice and material aid along with America's expression of disinterested friendship to the Russian people now is being discussed. They will learn of the use of American money and the use of American goods in Russia.

Ample police protection is expected to be afforded them, but all showed military force will be avoided. Officials were reluctant to discuss this phase of the situation, realizing that the German press would use it as a means of distorting the intentions of the United States.

Details Kept Secret

For that reason it is likely that full details of the assistance to be provided will not be disclosed until after the German press has had time to flounder in the plans actually in effect.

As Russia is in great need of raw materials and manufactured goods, the United States proposes to license freely for export whatever part is recommended as necessary by the business men who will go to the aid of that country. Tonnage will be provided for shipment to Siberia, and the supplies can be distributed to the interior. As the material expression of the charity of the American people, the Red Cross also is ready to send relief supplies in large quantities.

United States consuls in Russia will give active assistance in the work of reconstruction, and to this extent only will the aid have an official aspect.

Reestablishment of business order is believed to be the best method of enabling the Russians themselves to combat the menace of Germany.

The need for early action in Russia has been emphasized in recent official dispatches telling of the activities of Germans in Siberia. After freeing and arming Germans taken prisoners by the Russians, the German invaders have proceeded to carry out systematically, and with Teutonic thoroughness, their system of stripping the country of everything valuable, as was done in Belgium and Northern France. Huge depots were established for the concentration of grain, ostensibly for the relief of the Russian people, but in reality for shipment into Germany. Other foodstuffs and raw materials were appropriated in like manner.

Poincare Decorates Polish Army's Flag

First Division to Enlist in Fight Against Germany Gets Signal Honor

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Official dispatches from France to-day describe the ceremony at which the first division of the Polish army in France received its flags, standards and pennants in the presence of President Poincare and representatives of the Allied army.

"The soldiers in arms swore, in the presence of their priest, to fight for the renaissance of Poland," says the dispatch. President Poincare, in his speech, recalled the promises made at the conference of Versailles by the heads of Allied governments for the independence of Poland, whose territory must extend as far as the sea.

"The Poles of the young army have already been under fire, and have shown that they were worthy of the military traditions of their race," the President declared in his address to the Polish army.

Smaller Loss Claimed

"But our calculations are simple if both sides have suffered the same casualties. The 200,000 prisoners taken by Germany means a deficit on the Entente side of 200,000 men. We have been constantly assured, the enemy losses have been very much heavier than ours, which is easily explained by our superior tactics and strategic superiority."

"If, therefore, we say that Foch's reserve army no longer exists, it is not only fully confirmed by our calculations, but it is clear that the inner effects of German strategy go much further than this."

It is interesting to note that whereas he disposes of the Americans by saying that they "can be considered only indirectly as far as actual fighting is concerned," Secretary Baker puts their number at 900,000, or approximately 600,000 bayonets, of which possibly half a million will be ready for fighting this summer.

It is an analysis of this kind and not that of the Frankfurter critic which prompts Kuehlmann to pessimism.

Florence to Honor Wilson on the Fourth

FLORENCE, Italy, June 28.—Preparations for the celebration of the Fourth of July, when the municipality will confer the citizenship of Florence on President Wilson, are assuming great proportions. All the municipalities in Tuscany will be represented. The delegates will bring with them flags and banners which belonged to the medieval guilds. The day has been proclaimed a national holiday, a decision which is unprecedented in Italy so far as honoring the executive of any foreign country is concerned.

Thomas Nelson Page, the American Ambassador, has an engagement to deliver an address in Rome on the Fourth and will send as his substitute to Florence Peter J. Connelley, of the embassy. Captain Florentino La Guardia, member of the American Aviation Corps and Representative in Congress from New York, will be among the speakers.

# Germany Buying Up

## Incriminating Books

WASHINGTON, June 28.—German activity in preventing the circulation of memoirs of Prince Lichnowsky and statements of former Director Muehlen, of the Krupp works, blaming Germany for the world war, was noted in an official dispatch to-day from Paris based upon information from Bern, Switzerland.

"Germany is trying by all means in her power to prevent the truth leaking out regarding the causes of the war," says the dispatch. "Immediately the pamphlets containing texts regarding these causes appear they are bought up wholesale by German agents. The memoirs of Prince Lichnowsky appear particularly to disturb the Germans."

"The circulation of the texts was not feared until it was realized that they had a demonstrative value. This is really the case in regard to the Lichnowsky and Muehlen memoirs, the arguments of which were confirmed by the Kaiser in a recent speech."

The Bolshevik government pledged itself to recognize Austro-German hegemony in Poland and to aid in defending it against the former allies of Russia.

The Cracow newspaper describes the treaty as a "scandalous document showing the treachery of the Bolsheviks and the baseness of the Germans." It gives the gist of the eight articles of the agreement, as follows:

First—The Polish policy shall be conducted by Germany.

Second—The Russian government pledges itself not to interfere with the organization of Poland.

May Keep in Touch

Third—The Russian government may keep in touch with democratic and revolutionary clubs in Poland through agitators known to the German information bureau.

Fourth—The sending of agitators to Germany and Austria shall be suspended by the Russian government.

Fifth—Russia shall exercise strict vigilance over Polish national groups so as to prevent them from enlisting in the Russian territorial army.

Sixth—Russia shall consider violation of the frontiers of Lithuania and the Ukraine by Polish troops as a declaration of war on Germany and Austria-Hungary and shall aid in crushing such troops.

Seventh—Russia shall prevent Russian citizens from investing their own or French, British or American capital in any industrial undertaking in Poland.

Eighth—Russia pledges itself to recognize the eventual new state of things to be created by Germany and Austria in Poland and to defend it against Russia's former allies.

Great Political Unrest

There was great political unrest in Poland last February after the Central Powers and the Ukraine had signed their peace treaty providing for the annexation of the districts of Czecho by the Ukraine, and while the Russo-German peace was being completed. The Polish Ministry at Warsaw resigned as a protest, and there were strike outbreaks throughout Russian Poland and parts of Galicia.

Meanwhile the Polish legion in the Russian army under General Mousniak took up arms against the Bolsheviks when the Bolsheviks attempted to compel the Polish command to submit to their orders. There was bitter fighting for several days, between the Poles and the Bolsheviks, but by the latter part of February the Polish legion had been broken up. By that time also the unrest in Poland had died down, but it flamed up again later in a series of strikes in Russian Poland, particularly in the Dombrowa coal fields.

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Men's White and Striped Flannel Men's Knitted "Sport" Coats, \$12.50. Trousers, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10. Men's Khaki Outing Trousers, \$3.95.

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# Bolsheviks and Germany in Pact To Crush Poland

Agreement to Co-operate Reached in Secret Convention, Says Cracow Paper

Treaty Is Denounced

Treachery and Base, Is Assertion in Reciting Eight Articles

LONDON, June 28.—Germany and the Russian Bolshevik government, in a secret convention regarding the future of Poland, have virtually agreed to co-operate in crushing Polish nationalist aspirations. Details of the treaty have been printed in the newspaper "The Nation's Voice," of Cracow, Galicia, according to a dispatch to "The Times" from Milan.

The Bolshevik government pledged itself to recognize Austro-German hegemony in Poland and to aid in defending it against the former allies of Russia.

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